ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS MEETING (ZBA)

Planning and Zoning Dept. September 19, 2023



Purpose and Intent

- The Zoning Board of Appeals hears and makes decisions regarding variance requests and appeals
- Allow the citizens of Stonecrest opportunities to review all petitions, ask questions of all applicants, and express any preliminary concerns;
- Bridge the relationships between developers, residents, and staff



Please Keep In Mind

- Please be respectful to applicants, citizens, and staff
- Keep questions, comments, and/or concerns relevant to agenda items
 - Staff is available to answer questions for other matters after the ZBA has concluded
- Please wait to ask questions after staff has concluded presenting each petition
- Each citizen/residents will have a maximum of two (2) minutes to ask

his/her questions or make statement



V23-005

2375 Panola Road

Battle Law P.C. on behalf of Atlanta Residential Investors LLC

Petitioner is seeking a Variance to reduce stream buffer from seventy-five (75) feet to fifty (50) feet.



Background Information

- Petitioner
 Battle Law, P.C
- Site Location
 2375 Panola Road
- Petitioner's Request

The Applicant is seeking a stream buffer variance to reduce the required seventy-five (75) foot stream buffer to fifty (50) feet for a mixed-use development

• District 5

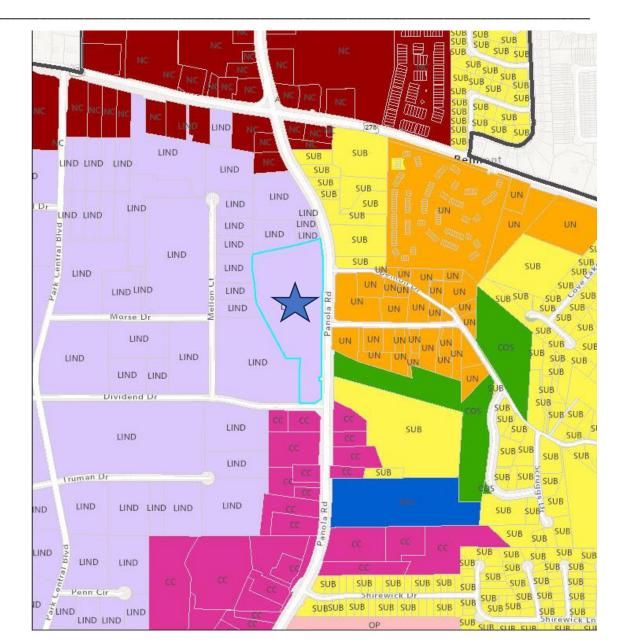
District Representative: Rob Turner



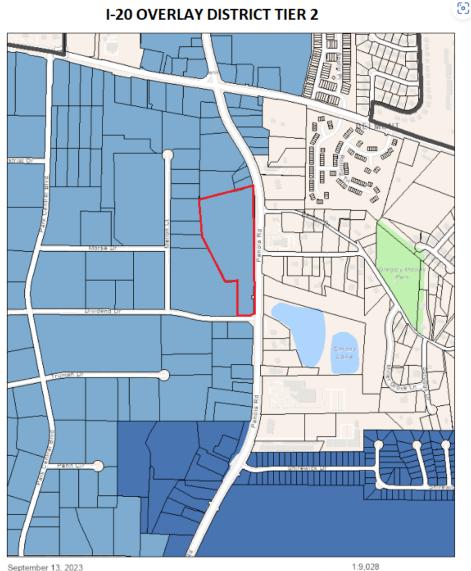
Future Land Use/Character Area

Light Industrial (M-LI)

The intent of the Light Industrial Character Area is to identify areas that are appropriate for industrial type uses. The location of these areas shall preserve the appeal and appearance of residential and commercial areas from the prospective intrusion of light industrial land uses. These areas consist of areas used in low intensity manufacturing, including wholesale trade, and distribution activities that do not generate excessive noise, vibration, air pollution or other nuisance characteristics.







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Sources: Esrl, HERE, Garmin, FAO, NOAA, USGS, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

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rtMap, Microsoft, Esri, HERE, Garmin, SafeGraph, GeoTechnologies, Inc, METINASA, USGS, EPA, NPS, US Census Bureau, USDA

0.2 mi

0.4 km



- ARABIA MOUNTAIN OVERLAY DISTRICT
- 1-20 OVERLAY DISTRICT HER 1.
- 1 20 OVERLAY DISTRICT TIER 2
- STONECREST OVD THER STONECRESF OVD HER 2
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Zoning

Overlay District

➢ I-20 Overlay

District

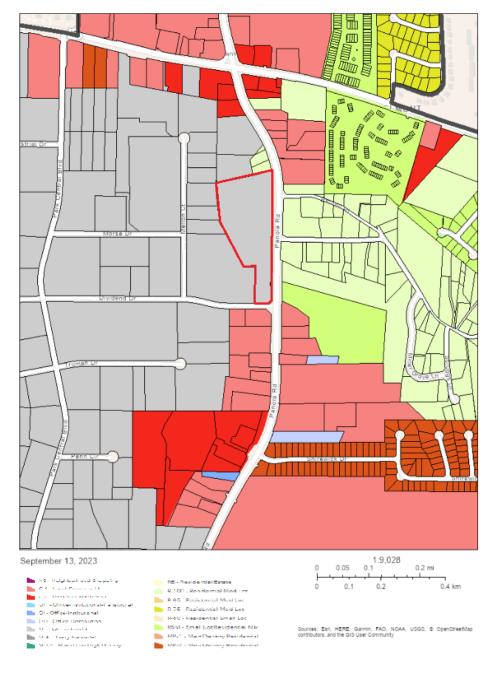
TIER 2

Zoning District

Industrial

 \succ M – Light

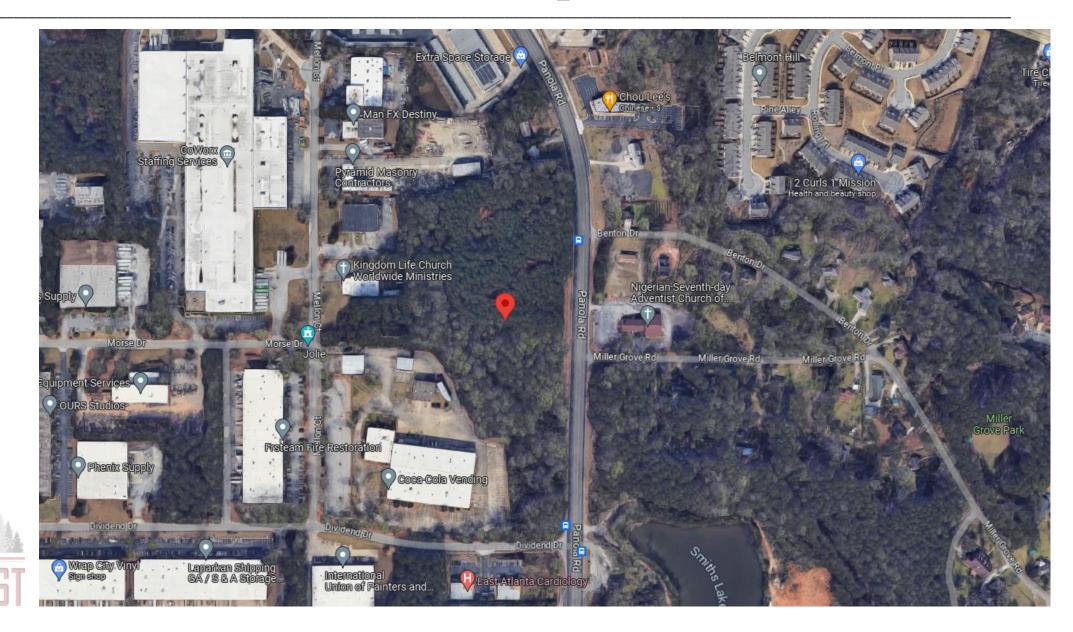
M - Light Industrial



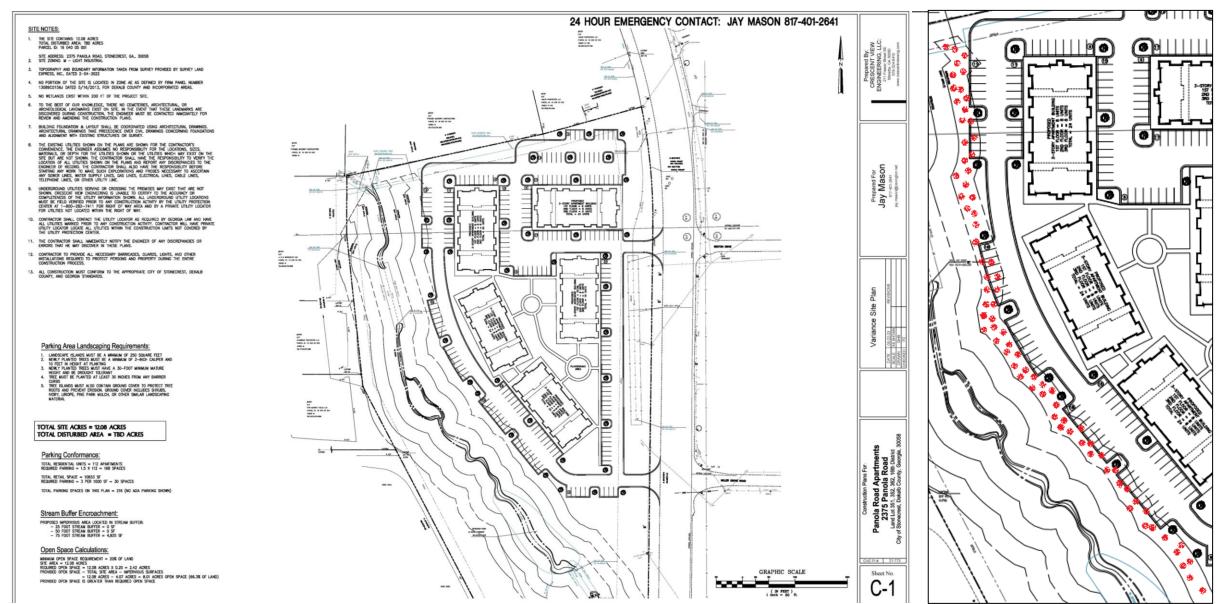
Aerial Map

THE CITY OF

GEORGIA



Submitted Site Plan



Applicant's Request

Petitioner's Stated Hardship

- Unusual shape of property
- A Stream traverses the rear yard of the subject property and stream buffer requirement (75 feet) had limited the buildable area

Zoning Ordinance

Chapter 14 (Land Development) – Article 7 (Stream Buffer) – Sec. 14- 543
 (Minimum Stream Buffer Requirements)

Petitioner's Request

• Variance to reduce stream buffer from seventy-five (75) feet to fifty (50) feet



Chapter 14 (Land Development) – Article 7 (Stream Buffer) – Sec. 14-543 (Minimum Stream Buffer Requirements)

Sec. 14-543. - Minimum stream buffer requirements.

(a) Stream buffers are established along all perennial and intermittent streams in the City. These required stream buffers begin at the stream bank and extend 75 feet away from the stream. The buffers must remain undisturbed except as otherwise provided in <u>section 14-544</u>.

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- (b) Any new stormwater discharge crossing a stream buffer or state buffer zone must be designed to ensure that sheet flow is established through the stream buffer and to prevent channelized flow through the stream buffer.
- (c) Piping of streams is not allowed in required stream buffers unless a variance is granted.

(Ord. No. 2018-06-03, § 14-543, 6-3-2018)



Chapter 14 (Land Development) – Article 7 (Stream Buffer) – Sec. 14-544 (Exemptions and special administrative permits.)

Sec. 14-544. - Exemptions and special administrative permits.

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- (a) Exemptions. The stream buffer regulations of this article do not apply to any of the following activities, provided that any activity within a state-mandated stream buffer must meet state requirements. Exemption of these activities does not constitute an exemption from any other activity proposed on a property or a requirement to obtain a building/land development permit.
 - Work consisting of the usual and customary repair or maintenance of any lawful use of land that is zoned and approved for such use on or before the effective date of this section. Such usual and customary repair and maintenance activities cannot create any land disturbance, and must occur within the
 preexisting disturbed area;
 - (2) Maintenance, including the full replacement, of existing decks, porches or similar improvements attached to a dwelling that encroach into a city stream buffer so long as the work does not increase the degree of encroachment or any nonconformity. The complete replacement of these improvements is provided for, including the replacement of stairs and all supporting beams, posts and footings subject to compliance with applicable city codes. The necessary construction of new or improved footings as required to comply with current building codes is allowable up to a maximum of 100 square feet of land disturbance;
 - (3) Construction of new decks, porches or other similar additions no more than 200 square feet in area, to existing structures without a deck, porch or similar structure, provided that such construction does not require more than 100 square feet of land disturbance and does not further encroach more than ten feet into the city stream buffer;
 - (4) Existing development and on-going land-disturbance activities including existing agriculture, landscaping, gardening and lawn maintenance, except that new development or land-disturbance activities on such properties is subject to all applicable buffer requirements;
 - (5) Public sewer line installation in easements running parallel with the stream where necessary, except that all easements (permanent and construction) and land disturbance within a state waters' buffer must meet state requirements. This includes such impervious cover as is necessary for the operation and maintenance of the utility, including, but not limited to, manholes, vents and valve structures. This exemption may not be construed as allowing the construction of roads, bike paths or other transportation routes in such easements, regardless of paving material, except for access for the uses expressly identified in this section;
 - (6) Removal of unwanted ground cover (e.g., poison ivy) using hand tools as long as protective vegetative cover remains to protect water quality and aquatic habitat and a natural canopy is left in sufficient quantity to keep shade on the stream bed;
 - (7) Land development activities within a dedicated transportation right-of-way existing at the time this section takes effect or approved under the terms of this section;
 - (8) Within an easement of any utility existing at the time this section takes effect or approved under the terms of this section, land-disturbance activities and such impervious cover as is necessary for the operation and maintenance of the utility, including, but not limited to, manholes, vents and valve structures;
 - (9) Emergency work necessary to preserve life or property. However, when emergency work is performed, the person performing it must report such work to the Community Development Department on the next business day after commencement of the work. Within ten business days thereafter, the person must apply for a permit and perform such work within such time period as may be determined by the Director or designee to be reasonably necessary to correct any impairment such emergency work may have caused to the water conveyance capacity, stability or water quality of the protection area;
- (10) Forestry and silviculture activities on land that is zoned for forestry, silvicultural or agricultural uses and are not incidental to other land development activity. If such activity results in land-disturbance in the buffer that would otherwise be prohibited, then no other land-disturbing activity other than normal forest management practices will be allowed on the entire property for three years after the end of the activities that intruded on the buffer;
- (11) Activities to restore or enhance stream bank stability, riparian vegetation, water quality or aquatic habitat, so long as native vegetation and bioengineering techniques are used;
- (12) The removal of dead, diseased, insect-infested, or hazardous trees (without any associated land disturbance), provided the property owner provides sufficient documentation of the trees before removal, including photographs and a report by a certified arborist; and
- (13) Multi-use trails and related improvements that are part of a City Council-approved plan. Unless otherwise approved by the State, such encroachments must be located at least 25 feet from the banks of state waters when, after study of alternative trail alignments, the Director determines that the alignment is the most desirable alternative and that they are designed to minimize impervious surfaces and incorporate BMPs and other mitigation practices that minimize the impact of encroachments on water quality. Trail improvements that are part of a City Council-approved plan are not counted as part of a site's impervious surface area for the purposes of site development-related calculations.
- (b) Special administrative permits. The following activities may be approved within the stream buffers required by section 14-543 by special administrative permit, pursuant to the process outlined in the Zoning Ordinance:
 - (1) Stream crossings by utility lines, roads, driveways or similar transportation routes, including trails for nonmotorized transportation;
 - (2) Public water supply intake or public wastewater outfall structures;
 - (3) Land development necessary to provide access to a property;
 - (4) Public access facilities that must be on the water including boat ramps, docks, foot trails leading directly to the stream, fishing platforms and overlooks;
 - (5) Stormwater outfalls to the stream, by pipe or channel, necessary to protect the buffer from erosion caused by high-flow velocities due to steep slopes;
 - (6) Exclusive of the exemptions in subsections(a)(2) and (3) of this section, minor land-disturbing activities totaling no more than 200 square feet in area and located more than 25 feet from the stream, for the construction of decks, porches, or other additions to existing structures, and accessory structures where riparian vegetation is restored or replaced in any disturbed areas; and
 - (7) Construction and land disturbance that results in the reduction or removal of impervious surfaces.

Chapter 27 (Zoning Ordinance) – Article 7 (Administration) – Sec. 7.5.3 (Applications for variances; and criteria to be used by the zoning board of appeals in deciding applications for variances.) A (1)

Sec. 7.5.3. - Applications for variances; and criteria to be used by the zoning board of appeals in deciding applications for variances.

The zoning board of appeals shall hear and decide applications for variances from the strict application of the regulations of this chapter and <u>chapter 21</u> where the strict application of any regulation enacted under said chapters would result in exceptional and undue hardship upon the owner of such property. In determining whether or not to grant a variance, the board shall apply the criteria specified in this section to the facts of each case. The board may attach reasonable conditions to any approved variance in accordance with <u>section 7.3.9</u>. Once imposed, conditions shall become an integral part of the approved variance and shall be enforced as such. No changes to an approved condition attached to a variance shall be authorized except by re-application to the zoning board of appeals in full compliance with the applicable provisions of this division. No relief may be granted or action taken under the terms of this division unless such relief can be granted without substantial detriment to the public good and without substantial impairment of the intent and purpose of this chapter and the comprehensive plan. The zoning board of appeals shall apply the following criteria to the types of applications specified below as follows:

- A. Variances from the provisions or requirements of this chapter other than variances described in <u>section 7.5.4</u> shall be authorized only upon making all of the following findings:
 - 1. By reason of exceptional narrowness, shallowness, or shape of a specific lot, or by reason of exceptional topographic and other site conditions (such as, but not limited to, floodplain, major stand of trees, steep slope), which were not created by the owner or applicant, the strict application of the requirements of this chapter would deprive the property owner of rights and privileges enjoyed by other property owners in the same zoning district.

Variance considerations & Staff Analysis

(Zoning ordinance Sec 7.5.3.A)

Variance Consideration	Staff Analysis
1. By reason of exceptional narrowness, shallowness, or shape of a specific lot, or by reason of exceptional	
topographic and other site conditions (such as, but not	
limited to, floodplain, major stand of trees, steep slope), which were not created by the owner or applicant, the strict application of the requirements of this chapter would	
deprive the property owner of rights and privileges enjoyed by other property owners in the same zoning district;	-
2. The requested variance does not go beyond the minimum necessary to afford relief, and does not constitute a grant of special privilege inconsistent with the limitations upon other properties in the zoning district in which the subject property is located;	The requested variance goes beyond the minimum necessary requirements to afford relief.
3. The grant of the variance will not be materially detrimental to the public welfare or injurious to the property or improvements in the zoning district in which the subject property is located;	of storm water runoff, water in streams, and disallow wildlife a critical corridor for moving throughout an ecosystem.
4. The literal interpretation and strict application of the applicable provisions or requirements of this chapter would cause undue and unnecessary hardship;	sufficient buildable areas to accommodate requirements (such as parking) for the proposed project magnitude or scale of the development. Therefore, the redesign of the project could avoid the hardship.
5. The requested variance would be consistent with the spirit and purpose of this chapter and the Comprehensive Plan text.	The proposed variance does not comply with the spirit and purpose of this chapter and current ordinance.

Staff Recommendation

Based on the findings and conclusions, it appears the requesting stream buffer variance does not comply with the city of Stonecrest ordinance chapter 27; Sec 7.5.3 (A) (1) and Chapter 14; Article VII; Sec. 14-544. Therefore, staff recommends **Denial** of V23-005.



Questions? Comments!



